

Lead the Charge Automaker Supply Chain Scorecard - 2025 Edition

The aim of this scorecard is to establish a new expectation – and competitive advantage – for what a clean car really is. Not just an EV, but an EV that is manufactured:

- Equitably respecting and advancing the rights of Indigenous Peoples, workers, and local communities throughout the supply chain.
- Sustainably preserving and restoring environmental health and biodiversity across supply chains, whilst reducing primary resource demand through efficient resource use and increased recycled content.
- Fossil free 100% electric and made with a fossil fuel-free supply chain.

The indicator development for the scorecard was led by Pensions & Investment Research Consultants (PIRC), Europe's largest independent corporate governance and shareholder advisory firm, whose work was guided by members of the Lead the Charge coalition. Please refer to the accompanying methodology document for more information on the indicator development and research process.

This document contains the scores obtained by each automaker for each indicator of the scorecard, as well as explanations for why they were awarded these scores and information on the thresholds and benchmarks used for each indicator.

Navigating this document

This document has several worksheets which present the data from the scorecard with differing levels of detail:

- 2. Summary | Overall - this worksheet presents the total scores the automakers received for each of the two main categories (climate & environment, and human rights), as well as the total scores for each of their four sub-categories.
- 3. Summary | Climate & Environment this worksheets presents the scores for each indicator of the climate and environment category, which looks at automakers' efforts to ensure fossil-free and environmentally responsible supply chains.
- 4. Summary | Respect for Human Rights this worksheet presents the scores for each indicator of the human rights categories, which looks at efforts by automakers to ensure responsible sourcing and respect for human rights throughout their supply chain
- 5. Auto Review | Climate & Environment this worksheet also presents automakers' scores for each indicator in the climate & environment category but additionally includes the explanation and references for each score they received, as well as information on the respective benchmarks and thresholds applied to each indicator.
- 6. Auto Review | Respect for Human Rights this worksheet also presents automakers' scores for each indicator in the human rights category but additionally includes the explanation and references for each score they received, as well as information on the respective benchmarks and thresholds applied to each indicator.
- 7. New Indicators | Not For Publication in 2025 Edition this worksheet presents the scoring of new indicators that have been developed this year (see the attached methodology for more information). These indicators will not be included in the public version of the 2025 Leaderboard: scores are only shared with automakers and within the Lead the Charge network.
- 8. Weightings this worksheet provides an overview of the weighting methodology applied to the groups of indicators used for each sub-category. Please see the accompanying methodology document for more information on this weighting methodology
- 8. 3rd Party Schemes Assessment this worksheet shows the results of the assessment of third party auditing and accreditation schemes, which results in point modifiers being applied to some indicators.

 Please see the accompanying methodology document for more information on this assessment.

			Fossil Free a	nd Environmenta	ally Sustainable	Supply Chains	
Auto	Total score	General	Steel	Aluminium	Batteries	Total	Total x IM~
Ford	42%	45%	21%	35%	19%	30%	33%
Tesla	43%	42%	22%	33%	36%	33%	40%
Mercedes	41%	54%	24%	24%	37%	35%	38%
BMW	29%	60%	11%	1%	15%	22%	20%
Volkswagen	32%	51%	15%	4%	30%	25%	27%
Volvo	38%	32%	57%	44%	15%	37%	45%
Stellantis*	23%	36%	3%	4%	24%	17%	15%
GM	23%	28%	18%	21%	7%	19%	21%
Hyundai*	21%	44%	12%	4%	9%	17%	19%
Renault*	23%	47%	9%	9%	35%	25%	22%
Kia*	16%	29%	8%	0%	8%	11%	12%
Geely	18%	34%	16%	16%	11%	19%	19%
Honda	10%	15%	0%	0%	1%	4%	4%
Toyota	10%	15%	0%	0%	6%	5%	5%
Nissan*	12%	20%	11%	11%	4%	12%	12%
BYD	6%	5%	0%	0%	9%	3%	4%
GAC	4%	13%	0%	0%	10%	6%	6%
SAIC	1%	1%	0%	0%	7%	2%	2%

General	Transition minerals	Indigenous rights	Workers' rights	Tota
69%	89%	20%	28%	52%
60%	69%	26%	27%	46%
68%	40%	21%	50%	45%
64%	42%	12%	39%	39%
69%	42%	6%	33%	37%
62%	35%	4%	26%	32%
68%	33%	0%	21%	31%
47%	25%	11%	19%	25%
48%	27%	0%	20%	24%
44%	19%	6%	24%	23%
39%	19%	0%	20%	20%
40%	14%	2%	12%	17%
32%	21%	0%	11%	16%
22%	23%	0%	17%	16%
28%	9%	0%	12%	12%
17%	6%	0%	6%	7%
4%	2%	0%	0%	2%
0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

BEV % of total vehicle sales^

^{*}EV Volumes groups sales by of Hyundai-Kia and the Renault-Nissan-Mitsubishi alliance. They have been evaluated separately as they have different supply chain practices and policies and for ease, their EV Aug YTD sales were evenly split between them

[~]InfluenceMap scores were applied as a multiplier on the C&E section. Autos with a C or above received positive multiplier; below received negative, and autos not evaluated by InfluenceMap received no change. See the Climate & Environment review sheet for details. https://automotive.influencemap.org/

[^] EV-Volumes OEM Share tracker. All figures are cumulative annual values from January 2023 up to and including July 2023. The data covers passenger vehicles only and includes Europe, China, Korea, Japan, the United States and Canada.

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	GAC Points
1. Fossil Free and	1.1. Disclosure of emissions, water	1.1.1. The company discloses total scope 3 GHG emissions due to purchased goods and services.	2	0
Environmentall	and deforestation	1.1.2. The company discloses "significant emissions" in its supply chain.	1	0
y Sustainable	management	1.1.3. The company discloses water usage by key suppliers in its supply chain.	1	С
Supply Chains (General)		1.1.4. The company discloses deforestation and conversion-free commodity volumes from its supply chain	1	О
		DISCLOSE TOTAL	5	0
		DISCLOSE NORMALIZED	1.0	0.0
		DISCLOSE %		0%
	1.2. Target-setting and progress	1.2.1. The company has set and disclosed a scope 3 SBT (must include reference to upstream/purchased goods & not only 'Well to Wheel')	2	0.5
	towards fossil free	1.2.2. The company commits to having suppliers provide science-based targets for GHG emissions.	1	C
	and	1.2.3. The company discloses the current percentage of suppliers providing science-based targets.	1	C
	environmentally sustainable supply	1.2.4. The company requires all significant suppliers to set water reduction targets and disclose their water usage.	1	0
	chains	1.2.5. The company has programs in place to monitor suppliers for compliance with GHG emissions targets and other environmental impacts.	1	С
		1.2.6. The company commits to eliminate deforestation and the conversion of all natural ecosystems from their supply chains.	1	О
		TARGET-SETTING & PROGRESS TOTAL	7	0.5
		TARGET-SETTING & PROGRESS NORMALIZED	1.5	0.1
		TARGET-SETTING & PROGRESS %		7%
	1.3. Use of supply	1.3.1. The company incentivises suppliers to reduce GHG and other significant air emissions.	1	0.75
	chain levers to achieve fossil free	1.3.2. The company implements incentives and control systems to improve water management by suppliers	1	0
	and environmentally	1.3.3. The company implements incentives and control systems to eliminate deforestation from its supply chain	1	C
	sustainable supply	SUPPLY CHAIN LEVERS TOTAL	3	0.75
	chains	SUPPLY CHAIN LEVERS NORMALIZED	2.0	0.5
		SUPPLY CHAIN LEVERS %		25%
	GENERAL CLIMATE	ND ENVIRONMENT - TOTAL NORMALIZED	4.5	0.6
	GENERAL CLIMATE A	ND ENVIRONMENT - TOTAL % SCORE (WEIGHTED)		13%
2. Fossil Free	2.1. Disclosure of	2.1.1. The company discloses disaggregated GHG emissions for their steel supply chains.	1	0
and	scope 3 GHG	DISCLOSE TOTAL	1	0
Environmentall	emissions due to	DISCLOSE NORMALIZED	1.0	0.0
y Sustainable	steel supply chains	DISCLOSE %		0%

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	GAC Points
Steel	2.2. Target setting	2.2.1. The company has set targets for the use of fossil free and environmentally sustainable steel.	2	0
	and progress	2.2.2. The company publishes progress towards their target by disclosing the current percentage of	1	0
	towards fossil free	low-CO2 steel in their annual production cycle.		
	and	2.2.3. The company has a target for the use of secondary/ scrap steel by 2030.	2	0
	environmentally sustainable steel	2.2.4. The company publishes progress towards their target by disclosing the current percentage of recycled steel used in its annual production cycle.	1	0
	supply chains	TARGET-SETTING & PROGRESS TOTAL	6	0
		TARGET-SETTING & PROGRESS NORMALIZED	1.5	0.0
		TARGET-SETTING & PROGRESS %		0%
		2.3.1. The company participates in multi-stakeholder procurement initiatives to collaborate with	1	0
	chain levers to	other buyers to incentivise investment in and production of fossil free steel at scale.		
	achieve fossil free and	2.3.2. The company participates in multi-stakeholder standard / certification initiatives to drive investment in and production of socially and environmentally sustainable steel at scale.	1	0
	environmentally	2.3.3. The company has entered into formal arrangements with suppliers to incentivise investment	2	0
	sustainable steel	in and greater production of fossil free steel.		
	supply chains	2.3.4. The company integrates improved recyclability of steel into automobile design and	2	0
		manufacture.		_
		SUPPLY CHAIN LEVERS TOTAL	6	_
		SUPPLY CHAIN LEVERS NORMALIZED	2.0	
		SUPPLY CHAIN LEVERS %		0%
	STEEL - TOTAL NORM	ALIZED	4.5	0.0
	STEEL - TOTAL % SCO	RE (WEIGHTED)		0%
3.Fossil Free	e 3.1. Disclosure of	3.1.1. The company discloses disaggregated GHG emissions for their aluminium supply chains.	1	0
and	scope 3 GHG	DISCLOSE TOTAL	1	0
Environmentall	emissions due to	DISCLOSE NORMALIZED	1.0	0.0
y Sustainable	aluminium	DISCLOSE %		0%
Aluminium	3.2. Target setting and progress	3.2.1 The company has set targets for the use of fossil free and environmentally sustainable aluminium	2	0
	towards fossil free	3.2.2. The company publishes progress towards their target by disclosing the current percentage of low-co2 aluminium in their annual production cycle	1	0
	environmentally	3.2.3. The company has a target to increase use of secondary/scrap aluminium by 2030.	2	0
	sustainable aluminum supply	3.2.4. The company publishes progress towards their target by disclosing the current percentage of recycled aluminium used in its annual production cycle	1	0
	chains	TARGET-SETTING & PROGRESS TOTAL	6	0
		TARGET-SETTING & PROGRESS NORMALIZED	1.5	
		TARGET-SETTING & PROGRESS %		0%

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	GAC Points
	3.3. Use of supply	3.3.1. The company participates in multi-stakeholder procurement initiatives to collaborate with	1	0
	chain levers to	other buyers to incentivise investment in and production of fossil free aluminium at scale.		_
	achieve fossil free	3.3.2. The company participates in multi-stakeholder standard / certification initiatives to drive	1	0
	and environmentally	investment in and production of socially and environmentally sustainable aluminium		
	sustainable	3.3.3. The company has entered into formal arrangements with suppliers to incentivise investment in and greater production of fossil free aluminium	2	0
	aluminium supply chains	3.3.4. The company integrates improved recyclability of aluminium into automobile design and manufacturing process.	2	0
		SUPPLY CHAIN LEVERS TOTAL	6	0
		SUPPLY CHAIN LEVERS NORMALIZED	2.0	0.0
		SUPPLY CHAIN LEVERS %		0%
	ALUMINIUM - TOTAL	NORMALIZED	4.5	0.0
	ALUMINIUM - TOTAL	% SCORE (WEIGHTED)		0%
4. Fossil Free	4.1. Disclosure of	4.1.1. The company discloses disaggregated scope 3 emissions for their battery supply chains,	1	0
and	scope 3 GHG	including a total for the whole battery and disaggregated emissions for key battery minerals		
Environmentall	emissions due to	(cathode / anode active materials)		
y Sustainable	battery supply	DISCLOSE TOTAL	1	0
Batteries	chains	DISCLOSE NORMALIZED	1.0	0.0
		DISCLOSE %		0%
	4.2. Target setting	4.2.1. The company has set a target to produce fossil free and environmentally sustainable batteries.	1	0
	and progress towards fossil free	4.2.2. The company has set a target to reduce reliance on energy intensive minerals in battery production.	1	0
	and	4.2.3. The company has set collection and/or recovery targets for high intensity battery metals.	1	0
	environmentally	TARGET-SETTING & PROGRESS TOTAL	3	0
	sustainable battery	TARGET-SETTING & PROGRESS NORMALIZED	1.5	0.0
	supply chains	TARGET-SETTING & PROGRESS %		0%
	4.3. Use of supply	4.3.1. The company requires all battery manufacturers to use 100% renewable electricity	2	0
	chain levers to	4.3.3. Company enters into formal agreements (inclusive of joint ventures and investments) with	1	0
	achieve fossil free	extractives and other value chain companies to reduce the environmental impact of lithium		
	and	sourcing.		
	environmentally	4.3.4. Company enters into formal agreements (inclusive of joint ventures and investments) with	1	0
	sustainable battery	extractives and other value chain companies to reduce the environmental impact of nickel sourcing.		
	supply chains	4.3.5. Company enters into formal agreements (inclusive of joint ventures and investments) with extractives and other value chain companies to reduce the environmental impact of cobalt sourcing.	1	0
		4.3.6. The company participates in multi-stakeholder initiatives to collaborate with other buyers to	1	0
		incentivise investment in and production of fossil free and environmentally sustainable batteries at scale.		

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	GAC Points
		4.3.7. The company invests in the development of new battery chemistries & technologies that reduce their overall material and carbon footprint by reducing the use of emissions-intensive minerals and toxic materials (such as persistent organic pollutants (POPs))	2	2
		4.3.8. The company invests in the development of new battery designs, technologies, systems and/or processes to maximize the recyclability of EV batteries	1	0
		4.3.9. The company has established processes for battery repair, reuse and repurposing in order to maximize the usable lifespan of its EV batteries.	1	0.25
		4.3.10. The company has established closed-loop processes in order to maximize the recycling of end-of-life EV batteries	1	0.25
		SUPPLY CHAIN LEVERS TOTAL	11	2.5
		SUPPLY CHAIN LEVERS NORMALIZED	2.0	0.5
		SUPPLY CHAIN LEVERS %		23%
	BATTERIES - TOTAL N	ORMALIZED	4.5	0.5
	BATTERIES - TOTAL %	SCORE (WEIGHTED)		10%
Climate	Influence Map	Multiplier applied:		1

CLIMATE AND ENVIRONMENT - TOTAL NORMALIZED	18.0	1.1
CLIMATE AND ENVIRONMENT - TOTAL % SCORE (WEIGHTED)		6%
CLIMATE AND ENVIRONMENT - TOTAL NORMALIZED + IM MULTIPLIER		
CLIMATE AND ENVIRONMENT - TOTAL % SCORE (WEIGHTED) + IM MULTIPLIER		6%

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	GAC Points
1. Responsible	1.1. Commit	1.1.1. The company has a public commitment to human rights.	1	0
Sourcing and		1.1.2. The company extends their human rights commitments to their Tier 1 suppliers and beyond.	2	0
Human Rights		COMMIT TOTAL	3	0
Due Diligence:		COMMIT NORMALIZED	1.0	0.0
General		COMMIT %		0%
Indicators	1.2. Identify	1.2.1. The company has a process in place to assess salient human rights risks in their supply chain.	1	0
	-	1.2.2. The company discloses the salient human rights risks in their supply chain and where they are located.	1	0
		1.2.3. The company has a process for identifying high risk supplier categories in their supply chain.	1	0
		IDENTIFY TOTAL	3	0
		IDENTIFY NORMALIZED	1.5	0.0
		IDENTIFY %		0%
	1.3. Prevent, Mitigate and	1.3.1. The company assesses the risk of adverse human rights impacts with suppliers prior to entering into any contracts.	2	0
	Account	1.3.2. The company discloses how it monitors suppliers for compliance with the SCoC during the contract period.	2	0.8
		1.3.3. The company reports on how it is prepared to respond if it finds non-conformances with the SCoC	1.5	0
		1.3.4. The company discloses how they verify the implementation of corrective actions.	1	0
		PREVENT, MITIGATE & ACCOUNT TOTAL	6.5	0.8
		PREVENT, MITIGATE & ACCOUNT NORMALIZED	2.0	0.2
		PREVENT, MITIGATE & ACCOUNT %		12%
	1.4. Remedy	1.4.1. The company has put in place a formal mechanism whereby workers, suppliers, suppliers' workers (in any tier) and other external stakeholders can raise grievances regarding adverse human rights impacts in their supply chain to an impartial entity.	2	0
		1.4.2. The company discloses data about the practical operation of their grievance mechanism, such as the number of grievances filed, addressed, and resolved, their type, severity and outcome.	1	0
		1.4.3. The company has put in place a remedy process.	2	0
		REMEDY TOTAL	5	0
		REMEDY NORMALIZED	2.0	0.0
		REMEDY %		0%
	GENERAL HUM	AN RIGHTS - TOTAL NORMALIZED	6.5	0.2
		AN RIGHTS - TOTAL % SCORE (WEIGHTED)	'	4%
2. Responsible		2.1.1. The company has a commitment to responsible metals and minerals sourcing.	1	0
Sourcing of Transition Minerals		2.1.2. The company requires its suppliers to undertake due diligence in accordance with the OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High Risk Areas (CAHRAs)	2	0
		COMMIT TOTAL	3	0
		COMMIT NORMALIZED	1.0	0.0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	GAC Points
		COMMIT %		0%
	2.2. Identify	2.2.1. The company has a process in place to map transition minerals (e.g. nickel, lithium, cobalt, copper, manganese, zinc) in their supply chains to the point of extraction.	2	C
		2.2.2. The company discloses transition minerals risks in their supply chain and where they are located.	1	0
		2.2.3. The company publishes a list of smelters or refiners (SoR) in its supply chain	1	0
		2.2.4. The company discloses which of the SoRs in its supply chain are conformant with the Responsible Minerals Initiative (RMI).	1	0
		IDENTIFY TOTAL	5	0
		IDENTIFY NORMALIZED	1.5	0.0
		IDENTIFY %		0%
	2.3. Prevent, Mitigate and	2.3.1. The company discloses how it monitors suppliers for compliance with the transition minerals due diligence requirements.	2	0.8
	Account	2.3.2. The company formally engages SoRs to build their capacity to conduct due diligence of their own supply chains.	2	0
		2.3.3. The company formally engages extractives companies and includes human rights clauses in any contractual arrangements.	2	0
		2.3.4. The company is a member of IRMA and actively engages their suppliers with regards to IRMA mining audits.	2	0
		Note: IRMA does not excuse companies from doing their own supply chain due diligence		
		2.3.5. The company reports on how it is prepared to respond if it finds non-conformances associated with	1.5	0
		its responsible minerals sourcing policy occurring in its operations or supply chains.	_	
		2.3.6. The company discloses how they verify the implementation of corrective actions.	1	0
		PREVENT, MITIGATE & ACCOUNT TOTAL	10.5	
		PREVENT, MITIGATE & ACCOUNT NORMALIZED	2.0	
		PREVENT, MITIGATE & ACCOUNT %		8%
	2.4. Remedy	2.4.1. The company has put in place a formal mechanism whereby grievances can be raised about SoR facilities.	1	_
		REMEDY TOTAL	1	0
		REMEDY NORMALIZED	2.0	0.0
		REMEDY %		0%
	TRANSITION M	IINERALS - TOTAL NORMALIZED	6.5	0.2
	TRANSITION M	IINERALS - TOTAL % SCORE (WEIGHTED)		2%
3. Indigenous Peoples'	3.1. Commit	3.1.1. The company explicitly commits to respecting the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP).	1	0
Rights and		3.1.2. The company has a public commitment to FPIC.	1	0
Free Prior and		3.1.3. The company extends their commitment on Indigenous Peoples' rights to their Tier 1 suppliers	2	0
Informed		3.1.4. These commitments are translated into the languages used by the impacted Indigenous Peoples.	1	0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	GAC Points
Consent (FPIC)		COMMIT TOTAL	5	0
		COMMIT NORMALIZED	1.0	0.0
		COMMIT %		0%
	3.2. Identify	3.2.1. The company has a process in place to assess risks to Indigenous Peoples' rights in their supply chain to the point of extraction.	1	0
		IDENTIFY TOTAL	1	0
		IDENTIFY NORMALIZED	1.5	0.0
		IDENTIFY %		0%
	3.3. Prevent, Mitigate and	3.3.1. The company provides additional discussion regarding the practices by which suppliers must obtain FPIC	1	0
	Account	3.3.2. The company is a member of a multi-stakeholder group (e.g. IRMA) that includes the participation of Indigenous Peoples to ensure respect of Indigenous Peoples' rights at the point of extraction.	2	0
		3.3.3. The company has a formal process in place to engage critical upstream suppliers on FPIC (e.g. extractives companies)	2	0
		3.3.4. The company reports on how it is prepared to respond if it finds FPIC breaches in its supply chain.	1	0
		PREVENT, MITIGATE & ACCOUNT TOTAL	6	0
		PREVENT, MITIGATE & ACCOUNT NORMALIZED	2.0	0.0
		PREVENT, MITIGATE & ACCOUNT %		0%
	3.4. Remedy	3.4.1. The company's grievance mechanism has a process for investigating and remedying breaches of FPIC that includes a formal role for impacted Indigenous Peoples.	1	0
		REMEDY TOTAL	1	0
		REMEDY NORMALIZED	2.0	0.0
		REMEDY %		0%
	INDIGENOUS R	IGHTS - TOTAL NORMALIZED	6.5	0.0
	INDIGENOUS R	RIGHTS - TOTAL % SCORE (WEIGHTED)		0%
4. Respect for	4.1. Commit	4.1.1. The company has a commitment to workers' rights	1	0
Workers' Rights		4.1.2. The company extends their workers' rights commitments to their Tier 1 suppliers and beyond. Note: only the specific worker rights commitments are evaluated here. Whether or not these commitments	2	0
		are extended beyond tier 1 suppliers is evaluated in the "General" human rights section.		
		COMMIT TOTAL	3	0
		COMMIT NORMALIZED	1.0	0.0
		COMMIT %		0%
	4.2. Identify	4.2.1. The company consults trade unions and/or workers' representatives in their assessment of salient workers' rights risks in their supply chain.	1	0
		4.2.2. The company discloses the salient workers rights risks in their supply chain and where they are located.	1	0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	GAC Points
		IDENTIFY TOTAL	2	0
		IDENTIFY NORMALIZED	1.5	0.0
		IDENTIFY %		0%
	4.3. Prevent, Mitigate and	4.3.1. The company actively collaborates with workers and the representative organisation(s) of workers' own choosing to promote respect for workers' rights in its supply chain.	2	0
	Account	4.3.2. The company reports on how it is prepared to respond if it finds non-conformances associated with its workers' rights policy occurring in its operations or supply chains.	1.5	0
		4.3.3. The company works with the relevant trade union and/or worker representative organisation to verify the implementation of corrective actions pertaining to workers' rights.	2	0
		PREVENT, MITIGATE & ACCOUNT TOTAL	5.5	0
		PREVENT, MITIGATE & ACCOUNT NORMALIZED	2.0	0.0
		PREVENT, MITIGATE & ACCOUNT %		0%
	4.4. Remedy	4.4.1 Workers and the representative organisations of workers' own choosing are formally included in the remedy process.	1	0
		REMEDY TOTAL	1	0
		REMEDY NORMALIZED	2.0	0.0
		REMEDY %		0%
	WORKERS' RIG	HTS - TOTAL NORMALIZED	6.5	0.0
	WORKERS' RIG	HTS - TOTAL % SCORE (WEIGHTED)	•	0%

HUMAN RIGHTS - TOTAL NORMALIZED	26.0	0.4
HUMAN RIGHTS - TOTAL % SCORE (WEIGHTED)		2%

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
1. Fossil Free and Environmentally Sustainable Supply Chains (General) 1.1. Disclosure of emissions, water and deforestation management	emissions, water and deforestation	1.1.1. The company discloses total scope 3 GHG emissions due to purchased goods and services.	2	The following scores are absolute, not cumulative: 100%: The company discloses scope 3 GHG emissions due to purchased goods and services. 25%: The company includes scope 3 GHG emissions including purchased goods and services in overall disclosure, but does not disaggregate. Note: the company may achieve additional points under each of the supply chain areas below, if they provide disaggregated emissions against each supply chain.	GAC does not disclose its scope 3 GHG emissions (p. 117, 2023 ESG Report). It states that "statistics on Scope 3 carbon emission data will be included in the ESG data system in the future" (2023 ESG Report, p. 77). GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 https://www1.hkexnews. hk/listedco/listconews/sehk/2024/0426/2 024042604129.pdf	0
	1.1.2. The company discloses "significant emissions" in its supply chain.	1	Based on GRI 305-7, significant emissions include: i. NOx ii. SOx iii. Persistent organic pollutants (POP) iv. Volatile organic compounds (VOC) v. Hazardous air pollutants (HAP) vi. Particulate matter (PM) vii. Other standard categories of air emissions identified in relevant regulations The following scores are absolute not cumulative: 100%: the company discloses significant emissions in their supply chain against all of the above categories. 50%: the company discloses significant emissions in their supply chain against some of the above catetories.	GAC discloses its PM, nitrogen oxide emissions, sulfur dioxide emissions and VOCs emissions (2023 ESG Report, p. 116). However, it does not seem to include the emissions from its key suppliers. GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 https://www1.hkexnews. hk/listedco/listconews/sehk/2024/0426/2 024042604129.pdf	0	
		1.1.3. The company discloses water usage by key suppliers in its supply chain.	1	According to GRI 303, water usage includes: - water withdrawn - water consumed - water discharged Companies will need to define "key suppliers" and: 50%: provide data against some of the above indicators 100%: provide data against all of the above indicators	GAC discloses its total water consumption (2023 ESG Report, p. 116). However, it does not seem to include the data from its key suppliers. GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 https://www1.hkexnews.hk/listedco/listconews/sehk/2024/0426/2 024042604129.pdf	0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		1.1.4. The company discloses deforestation and conversion-free commodity volumes from its supply chain	1	50%: The company discloses the percentage of high-risk hard commodity volumes sourced that are compliant with the company's requirements or policies on deforestation and conversion. OR 25%: The company discloses deforestation and conversion-free commodity volumes from at least one of its key high-risk hard commodities 50%: The company discloses the percentage of high-risk soft commodity volumes sourced that are compliant with the company's requirements or policies on deforestation and conversion. OR 25%: The company discloses deforestation and conversion-free commodity volumes from at least one of its key high-risk soft commodities High-risk commodities are identified with the SBTN's High Impact Commodities List. Relevant commodities for automotive supply chains include Copper, Iron, Lithium, Nickel, Bauxite/Aluminum, Zinc and Manganese (hard commodities), and Leather and Rubber (soft commodities).	Not disclosed	0
	1.2. Target-setting and progress towards fossil free and environmentally sustainable supply chains	1.2.1. The company has set and disclosed a scope 3 SBT (must include reference to upstream/purchased goods & not only 'Well to Wheel')	2	100%: the company discloses a verified science-based scope three target that includes upstream/purchased goods, including 2050 and interim year target(s). 50%: the company discloses a lifecycle target that includes upstream/purchased goods, including 2050 and interim year target(s) and/or does not indicate if it has been verified as science-based. 25%: the company only discloses 2050 zero emissions target with no interim target and/or it does not specify upstream/purchased goods.	GAC discloses that it has an overall goal of achieving "full life-cycle carbon neutrality of its products by 2050 (challenge 2045)" (2023 ESG report, p. 59). But it does not specify any interim target or upstream/purcahsed goods. Nor has GAC indicated if it has been verified as sicnecebased. GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 https://www1.hkexnews.	0.5

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		1.2.2. The company commits to having suppliers provide science-based targets for GHG emissions.	1	The following scores are absolute not cumulative. 100%: the company requires all its tier 1 suppliers, and their suppliers to set science-based targets. They also require tier 2 suppliers to set science-based targets. 75%: the company requires all its tier 1 suppliers set science-based targets. 50%: the company commits to having at least 70% of its key suppliers by emissions setting science-based targets by 2025. 25%: company commits to having suppliers setting science-based emissions targets, but does not provide a target date or target date is after 2025. 0%: Company does not have a commitment.	GAC states that it has "completed the carbon footprint investigation of core components such as steel, glass, body-inwhite, engine, and transmission to facilitate the low-carbon operation of the supply chain", but there is no indication of asking suppliers to set science-based targets (2023 ESG Report, p. 70). GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 https://www1.hkexnews.hk/listedco/listconews/sehk/2024/0426/2 024042604129.pdf	C
		1.2.3. The company discloses the current percentage of suppliers providing science-based targets.	1	25%: they disclose the current percentage of tier 1 suppliers providing science-based targets. 25%: they disclose the current percentage of tier 2 suppliers providing science-based targets. 25%: additional points for over 50% of tier 1 suppliers providing science-based targets 25%: additional points for all tier 1 suppliers providing science-based targets.	Not disclosed	C

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		1.2.4. The company requires all significant suppliers to set water reduction targets and disclose their water usage.	1	50%: the company requires tier 1 suppliers to set water reduction targets 50%: the company requires tier 1 suppliers to disclose their water usage. According to GRI 303, water usage includes: - water withdrawn - water consumed - water discharged	Not disclosed	0
		1.2.5. The company has programs in place to monitor suppliers for compliance with GHG emissions targets and other environmental impacts.	1	25%: The company has a process that includes reducing GHGs and other environmental impacts, but lacks targets as a basis for compliance. or 50%: The company has a process that includes reducing GHGs and other environmental impacts, and includes targets as a basis for compliance. plus 25%: the company provides quantitative information of the number of suppliers audited and the tiers that are audited. 25%: the company provides qualitative case studies of how they have engaged suppliers on their targets.	Not disclosed	0

Sub-section Indicator Cate	gory Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
	1.2.6. The company commits to eliminate deforestation and the conversion of all natural ecosystems from their supply chains.	1	The following scores are absolute, not cumulative: 100%: The company has time-bound targets to eliminate deforestation and the conversion of natural ecosystems from their supply chain. OR 100%: The company has time-bound targets to eliminate sourcing of high-risk commodities from areas of High Carbon Stock (HCS) and High Conservation Value (HCV). 75%: The company has time-bound targets to eliminate deforestation and conversion of natural ecosystems in the supply chain of at least one of its high-risk hard commodities, and at least one soft-commodity. OR 75%: The company has time-bound targets to eliminate sourcing from areas of High Carbon Stock (HCS) and High Conservation Value (HCV) for at least one of its high-risk hard commodities, and at least one soft-commodity. 50%: The company has time-bound targets to eliminate deforestation and conversion of natural ecosystems in the supply chain of at least one of its high-risk commodities. OR 50%: The company has time-bound targets to eliminate sourcing from areas of High Carbon Stock (HCS) and High Conservation Value (HCV) for at least one of its high-risk commodities. 25%: The company has a general commitment or policy to halt deforestation and the conversion of natural ecosystems in its supply chains, which extends beyond illegal deforestation or conversion.	Not disclosed	

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
	1.3. Use of supply chain levers to achieve fossil free and environmentally sustainable supply chains	1.3.1. The company incentivises suppliers to reduce GHG and other significant air emissions.	1	50%: the company specifies that sustainability and/or ESG are included as factors for choosing a preferred supplier. 25%: the company specifies that GHG emissions are included in the tender and contracting process. 25%: the company specifies that "other significant air emissions" targets are included in the tender and contracting process. As companies are unlikely to publish their contract information, references may be found in sustainability reports, procurement policies, etc.	GAC discloses that it integrates environmental risks into its supply chain management process, including incoming management, qualification review, regular assessment and auditing, with 100% partner suppliers having completed sustainable risk audit in 2023 (p. 85-85, 2023 ESG Report). It also commits to "prioritize the selection of low-carbon materials as part of the procurement process" (2023 ESG Report, p. 77). However, there is no indication of whether other significant air emissions are considered in sourcing decisions. GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023	0.75
		1.3.2. The company implements incentives and control systems to improve water management by suppliers	1	20%: The company's Supplier Code of Conduct and / or Responsible Sourcing Policy includes specific requirements for suppliers with regards to water management and conservation (e.g. having in place a water management plan). 40%: The company implements purchase control systems to incentivize improved water management by (potential) new suppliers (e.g. water management is explicitly taken into account in the tender process and is a factor in selecting suppliers) 40%: The company provides evidence of policies, systems and/or processes it has operationalized to manage risks and address impacts of water depletion/pollution by (existing) suppliers (e.g. the company provides detail of specific water risks it has identified as part of its supply chain risk assessment process; the company provides evidence of how they have engaged with, or suspended, noncompliant suppliers on water management, etc.).	Not disclosed	0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		1.3.3. The company implements incentives and control systems to eliminate deforestation from its supply chain	1	20%: The company's Supplier Code of Conduct and / or Responsible Sourcing Policy includes specific requirements for suppliers with regards to deforestation and land conversion. 40%: The company implements purchase control systems to incentivize compliance on deforestation and land conversion by (potential) new suppliers (e.g. deforestation is explicitly taken into account in the tender process and is a factor in choosing a preferred supplier) 40%: The company provides evidence of policies, systems and/or processes it has operationalized to manage risks and address impacts of deforestation and land conversion by existing suppliers (e.g. the company provides detail of specific deforestation risks it has identified as part of its supply chain risk assessment process; the company provides evidence of how they have engaged with, or suspended, noncompliant suppliers on deforestation, etc.).	Not disclosed	0
2. Fossil Free and Environmentally Sustainable Steel	2.1. Disclosure of scope 3 GHG emissions due to steel supply chains	2.1.1. The company discloses disaggregated GHG emissions for their steel supply chains.	1	The following scores are absolute, not cumulative: 100%: The company discloses scope 3 GHG emissions for purchased goods and services, disaggregated for their steel supply chains 50%: The company discloses a Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) for at least one electric vehicle model that includes disaggregated data on the embodied GHG emissions from the steel used in that vehicle.	Not disclosed	0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
	2.2. Target setting and progress towards fossil free and environmentally sustainable steel supply chains	2.2.1. The company has set targets for the use of fossil free and environmentally sustainable steel.	2	The scores below are not additive. They indicate specific thresholds for getting that percentage of points: 100%: the company has a commitment to source 100% fossil free steel by 2050 and 50% fossil free steel by 2030. 80%: the company has a commitment to source 100% Responsible Steel Level 4 certified steel by 2040 and 50% automotive steel that is ResponsibleSteel level 3 or 4 by 2030 (targets that align with ResponsibleSteel's emissions thresholds for these levels will also be awarded points). 60%: the company has set a target that is aligned with First Movers Coalition guidance of 10% "low-CO2" primary steel by 2030 AND/OR aligns with SteelZero Commitment to source 100% net zero steel by 2050, with an interim commitment of using 50% Lower Emission Steel by 2030 40%: the company has an emissions reduction target for steel that is aligned with IEA Heavy Industry Guidance (27% emissions reduction by 2030 and 95% by 2050) 20%: the company has a commitment to net zero steel by 2050 and/or a 2030 emissions reduction target for steel that is below the IEA Heavy Industry Guidance	Not disclosed	
		2.2.2. The company publishes progress towards their target by disclosing the current percentage of low-CO2 steel in their annual production cycle.	1	50%: The company discloses the current percentage of low-C02 steel in their production cycle (definition of low-C02 steel taken from SteelZero / ResponsibleSteel, specifically < 2 tons C02e/ton for primary steel with 0% scrap through to < 0.35 tons C02e/ton for secondary steel with 100% scrap). 50%: the company discloses the current percentage of Responsible Steel certified steel in their supply chain. Note: depending on the level of certification, companies may score points under the first category. MODIFIER: Half points will be awarded if a company discloses information that meets either, or both, of the above criteria but only for some elements in its annual production cycle.	Not disclosed	

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		2.2.3. The company has a target for the use of secondary/ scrap steel by 2030.	2	100%: the company discloses a target for the use of recycled steel that is aligned with IEA Guidance for Heavy Industry has recycling, re-use: scrap as share of input in steel production as 54% by 2030 50%: the company discloses a target for the use of recycled steel.	Not disclosed	
		2.2.4. The company publishes progress towards their target by disclosing the current percentage of recycled steel used in its annual production cycle.	1	The following scores are absolute, not cumulative: 100%: the company discloses the percentage of recycled steel in their annual production cycle including volumes of both preand post-consumer steel. 75%: the company discloses the percentage of recycled steel in their annual production cycle. 50%: The company partially discloses the percentage of recycled steel for some elements within their annual production cycle. NB: Total recycled/scrap steel volume is sufficient if total steel volume is disclosed.	Not disclosed	
	2.3. Use of supply chain levers to achieve fossil free and environmentally sustainable steel supply chains	2.3.1. The company participates in multi-stakeholder procurement initiatives to collaborate with other buyers to incentivise investment in and production of facel free street of the control of the cont	1	50%: the company is a member of SteelZero. 50%: the company is a member of the First Movers Coalition's sector group on steel	GAC is not a member of SteelZero or the First Movers Coalition	
		2.3.2. The company participates in multistakeholder standard / certification initiatives to drive investment in and production of socially and environmentally sustainable steel at	1	25%: the company is a member of ResponsibleSteel. 50%: the company actively engages their steel suppliers regarding ResponsibleSteel certification. 25%: the company has disclosed purchasing commitments for ResponsibleSteel certified steel. Note: 0.6 points modifier applied due to multistakeholder initiative assessment. See sheet 8.	GAC is not a member of ResponsibleSteel	

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		2.3.3. The company has entered into formal arrangements with suppliers to incentivise investment in and greater production of fossil free steel.	2	50%: the company states that it has entered into a formal arrangement with at least one steel supplier to invest in and scale-up production of low-CO2 steel. 25%: at least one purchase agreement signed by the company with a steel supplier for the provision of low-CO2 steel is a binding contract for which timelines and scale of supply (e.g. volume of steel to be purchased per year) are publicly disclosed. 25%: at least one purchase agreement signed by the company is for the provision of steel produced with new technologies for fossil-free steelmaking.	Not disclosed	0
		2.3.4. The company integrates improved recyclability of steel into automobile design and manufacture.	2	25%: the company discloses that it is implementing a closed-loop process for steel (no reference to post-consumer scrap). OR 50%: the company provides detail on a closed-loop process it is implementing for steel (must include reference to post-consumer scrap). PLUS 50%: the company provides detail of how it uses automotive and/or component design to improve the recyclability of steel.	Not disclosed	0
3.Fossil Free and Environmentally Sustainable Aluminium	3.1. Disclosure of scope 3 GHG emissions due to aluminium	3.1.1. The company discloses disaggregated GHG emissions for their aluminium supply chains.	1	The following scores are absolute, not cumulative: 100%: The company discloses scope 3 GHG emissions for purchased goods and services, disaggregated for their aluminum supply chains 50%: The company discloses a Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) for at least one electric vehicle model that includes disaggregated data on the embodied GHG emissions from the aluminum used in that vehicle.	Not disclosed	0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
and progre towards fo and environme sustainable	environmentally sustainable aluminum supply	3.2.1 The company has set targets for the use of fossil free and environmentally sustainable aluminium	2	The scores below are not additive. They indicate specific thresholds for getting that percentage of points: 100%: The company has a commitment to source 100% fossil free Aluminium by 2050 and 50% fossil free Aluminium by 2030. 80%: the company has set a target that is aligned with Mission Possible 1.5 scenario all primary aluminium being produced with low-carbon power by 2035 60%: the company has set a target that is aligned with First Movers Coalition guidance of 10% "low-CO2" primary aluminium by 2030 (definition of low-CO2 taken from First Movers Coalition, specifically < 3 tons CO2e/ton). 40%: the company has an emissions reduction target for aluminum that is aligned with IEA Heavy Industry Guidance (27% emissions reduction by 2030 and 95% by 2050) 20%: the company has a commitment to net zero aluminum by 2050 and/or a 2030 emissions reduction target for aluminum that is below the IEA Heavy Industry Guidance	Not disclosed	0
		3.2.2. The company publishes progress towards their target by disclosing the current percentage of low-co2 aluminium in their annual production cycle	1	The following scores are absolute, not cumulative: 100%: the company discloses the percentage of "low-CO2" aluminium in their supply chain (low-CO2 defined as either aluminum with a carbon footprint of less than 4 CO2e/t Al or aluminum that is produced with renewable electricity). 50%: The company partially discloses the percentage of low-co2 aluminum for some elements within their annual production cycle.	Not disclosed	0
		3.2.3. The company has a target to increase use of secondary/scrap aluminium by 2030.		These scores are not cumulative, they are thresholds for achieving a particular score. 100%: the company discloses a target for use of secondary or scrap aluminium that is aligned with IEA Net Zero 42% secondary/scrap by 2030. 50%: the company discloses a target for use of secondary or scrap aluminium that is less than IEA Net Zero 42% secondary/scrap by 2030.	Not disclosed	0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		3.2.4. The company publishes progress towards their target by disclosing the current percentage of recycled aluminium used in its annual production cycle	1	100%: the company discloses the percentage of recycled aluminium in their annual production cycle including volumes of both pre- and post-consumer aluminium. 75%: the company discloses the percentage of recycled aluminium in their annual production cycle. 50%: the company partially discloses the percentage of recycled aluminium for some elements with their annual production cycle. NB: Total recycled/scrap steel volume is sufficient if total steel volume is disclosed.	Not disclosed	0
	3.3. Use of supply chain levers to achieve fossil free and environmentally sustainable aluminium supply chains	3.3.1. The company participates in multistakeholder procurement initiatives to collaborate with other buyers to incentivise investment in and production of fossil free aluminium		100%: the company is a member of First Movers Coalition sector group on aluminum	GAC is not a member of the First Movers Coalition	0
		3.3.2. The company participates in multistakeholder standard / certification initiatives to drive investment in and production of socially and environmentally sustainable aluminium	1	25%: the company is a member of the Aluminum Stewardship Initiative (ASI). 50%: the company actively engages their aluminum suppliers regarding ASI certification. 25%: the company has disclosed purchasing commitments for ASI certified aluminum. Note: 0.4 points modifier applied due to multistakeholder initiative assessment. See sheet 8.	GAC is not a member of the Aluminum Stewardship Initiative.	0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		3.3.3. The company has entered into formal arrangements with suppliers to incentivise investment in and greater production of fossil free aluminium	2	50%: the company states that it has entered into a formal arrangement with at least one aluminum supplier to invest in and scale-up production of low-CO2 aluminium. 25%: at least one purchase agreement signed by the company with a aluminum supplier for the provision of low-CO2 aluminium is a binding contract for which timelines and scale of supply (e.g. volume of aluminium to be purchased per year) are publicly disclosed. 25%: at least one purchase agreement signed by the company is for the provision of aluminum produced with new technologies for fossil-free aluminum production.	Not disclosed	0
		3.3.4. The company integrates improved recyclability of aluminium into automobile design and manufacturing process.	2	25%: the company discloses that it is implementing a closed-loop process for aluminum (no reference to post-consumer scrap). OR 50%: the company provides detail on a closed-loop process it is implementing for aluminum (must include reference to post-consumer scrap). PLUS 50%: the company provides detail of how it uses automotive and/or component design to improve the recyclability of aluminum. Note: this could include the development of new alloys.	Not disclosed	0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
3		4.1.1. The company discloses disaggregated scope 3 emissions for their battery supply chains, including a total for the whole battery and disaggregated emissions for key battery minerals (cathode / anode active materials)	1	The following scores are absolute, not cumulative: 100%: the company provides scope 3 GHG emissions their battery supply chain, disaggregated for cell production / manufacturing and key cathode / anode active materials (i.e. individual minerals) used in the battery 75%: the company provides scope 3 GHG emissions their battery supply chain, disaggregated for cell production / manufacturing and cathode and anode active materials (as a total) 50%: The company discloses scope 3 GHG emissions for purchased goods and services, disaggregated for their battery supply chain. 25%: The company discloses a Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) for at least one electric vehicle model that includes disaggregated data on the embodied GHG emissions from the battery used in that vehicle.	Not disclosed	0
	4.2. Target setting and progress towards fossil free and environmentally sustainable battery supply chains	4.2.1. The company has set a target to produce fossil free and environmentally sustainable batteries.	1	The scores below are not additive. They indicate specific thresholds for getting that percentage of points: 100%: the company has a commitment to produce 100% fossil free batteries by 2050 and 50% fossil free batteries by 2030. 50%: Alignment with IEA Heavy Industry Guidance (27% emissions reduction by 2030 and 95% by 2050) 25%: Commitment below IEA Heavy Industry Guidance.	Not disclosed	0

Sub-section	Indicator Category		Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		4.2.2. The company has set a target to reduce reliance on energy intensive minerals in battery production.	1	25%: statement of intent to reduce high intensity minerals in battery production (which may include a commitment to producing smaller batteries). 25%: the company has set a disaggregated target for the reduction of primary sources of nickel in their supply chain. 25%: the company has set a disaggregated target for the reduction of primary sources of lithium in their supply chain. 25%: the company has set a disaggregated target for the reduction of primary sources of cobalt in their supply chain. Note: The final three scoring criteria can also be met by setting targets for increasing the % recycled nickel/lithium/cobalt used in new batteries.	Not disclosed	0
		4.2.3. The company has set collection and/or recovery targets for high intensity battery metals.	1	100%: the company has a medium term target of 95% recovery for cobalt & nickel with 70% lithium by 2030 (equal to that proposed by the EU) and a short term target of 90% recovery rate for cobalt & nickel and 35% lithium by 2025. 25%: the company has set collection and/or recovery targets for high intensity battery metals that are lower and/or not disaggregated.	Not disclosed	C

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
	4.3. Use of supply chain levers to achieve fossil free and environmentally sustainable battery supply chains	4.3.1. The company requires all battery manufacturers to use 100% renewable electricity	2	100%: the company discloses a requirement that all battery manufacturers are required to use 100% renewable electricity. 50%: the company discloses agreements/requirements for 100% renewable energy with some battery manufacturers 25%: the company discloses agreements/requirements for reduced emissions with some battery manufacturers or 50%: the company discloses a requirement that all battery manufacturers are required to be "carbon neutral", "net zero" or similar but does not define how they are using the term.	Not disclosed	
		4.3.3. Company enters into formal agreements (inclusive of joint ventures and investments) with extractives and other value chain companies to reduce the environmental impact of lithium sourcing.	1	25%: the company has entered into contractual agreements for the purchase of low CO2 lithium. These agreements may include purchasing commitments, and/or other forms of investment, including R&D. 25%: the company has entered into contractual agreements to reduce other environmental impacts of lithium sourcing, including by incorporating environmental conditions into contracts with suppliers. 25%: the company discloses the specific areas or requirements that such environmental conditions included in contracts cover. This may include requirements regarding water usage, biodiversity, tailings management, etc. but the company must explain how these conditions address specific environmental risks associated with lithium sourcing. 25%: The company engages in multi-stakeholder initiative(s) to reduce impacts on sourcing (e.g. emissions, water, biodiversity etc.). Any such initiatives must be specific to lithium mining / refining.	GAC has established partnership with lithium mining companies in China, but without any indication of reducing the environmental impact of lithium sourcing (2023 ESG Report, p. 14). GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 https://www1.hkexnews. hk/listedco/listconews/sehk/2024/0426/2 024042604129.pdf	

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		4.3.4. Company enters into formal agreements (inclusive of joint ventures and investments) with extractives and other value chain companies to reduce the environmental impact of nickel sourcing.	1	25%: the company has entered into contractual agreements for the purchase of low CO2 nickel. These agreements may include purchasing commitments, and/or other forms of investment, including R&D. 25%: the company has entered into contractual agreements to reduce other environmental impacts of nickel sourcing, including by incorporating environmental conditions in contracts with suppliers. 25%: the company discloses the specific areas or requirements that such environmental conditions included in contracts cover. This may include requirements regarding water usage, biodiversity, tailings management, etc. but the company must explain how these conditions address specific environmental risks associated with nickel sourcing. 25%: The company engages in multi-stakeholder initiative(s) to reduce impacts on sourcing (e.g. emissions, water, biodiversity etc.). Any such initiatives must be specific to nickel mining / refining.	Not disclosed	0
		4.3.5. Company enters into formal agreements (inclusive of joint ventures and investments) with extractives and other value chain companies to reduce the environmental impact of cobalt sourcing.	1	25%: the company has entered into contractual agreements for the purchase of low CO2 cobalt. These agreements may include purchasing commitments, and/or other forms of investment, including R&D. 25%: the company has entered into contractual agreements to reduce other environmental impacts of cobalt sourcing, including by incorporating environmental conditions into contracts with suppliers 25%: the company discloses the specific areas or requirements that the environmental conditions included in contracts cover. This may include requirements regarding water usage, biodiversity, tailings management, etc. but the company must explain how these conditions address specific environmental risks associated with cobalt sourcing. 25%: The company engages in multi-stakeholder initiative(s) to reduce impacts on sourcing (e.g. emissions, water, biodiversity etc.)	Not disclosed	0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		4.3.6. The company participates in multi- stakeholder initiatives to collaborate with other buyers to incentivise investment in and production of fossil free and environmentally sustainable batteries at scale.	1	100%: the company is a member of the Global Battery Alliance.	Not disclosed	0
		4.3.7. The company invests in the development of new battery chemistries & technologies that reduce their overall material and carbon footprint by reducing the use of emissions-intensive minerals and toxic materials (such as persistent organic pollutants (POPs))	2	25%: the company provides examples of R&D that they are conducting to develop new battery chemistries / technologies that reduce the use of emissions-intensive minerals and/or toxic pollutants. R&D could be done in house or via formal partnerships with battery manufacturers. 25%: the company provides examples of the systems and processes it is developing to scale this R&D to commercial production. 50%: the company has brought to market electric vehicles that utilize battery chemistries / technologies that meet the above criteria.	GAC invests in and conducts in-house R&D on batteries, including solid-state, cobalt-free and low-cobalt batteries, and sodium-ion batteries (2023 ESG Report, p. 14). For example, GAC AION's P58 Microcrystaline Super Battery was unveiled in December 2023 and is said to be superior in terms of performance and service life. This was announced in parallel with the IMPOW Battery's Smart Ecological Factory, which is expected to produce batteries developed by GAC. GAC also states that its "solid-state batteries have witnessed significant breakthroughs, with cell energy density reaching 400 Wh/kg" and these solid-state batteries are expected to be incorporated into vehicles by 2026. In its 2022 ESG Report (p53), GAC also	
		4.3.8. The company invests in the development of new battery designs, technologies, systems and/or processes to maximize the recyclability of EV batteries	1	25%: the company provides examples of R&D that they are conducting in-house or in partnership with value chain partners to improve the safe and effective recycling of batteries (for example direct recycling). 25%: the company provides examples of the systems and processes it is developing to scale this R&D to commercial production. 50%: the company provides examples of battery recycling processes it has developed in-house or in partnership with value chain partners that have achieved recovery rates of at least 95% cobalt/nickel & 70% lithium. Note disclosed recovery rates achieved at the pilot / R&D stage are valid for points here. Disclosure of recycling rates achieved at commercial scale is evaluated in indicator 4.3.10.	GAC signed a framework agreement with GEM Co., Ltd, a leading company in battery recycling and reuse, to enable full lifecycle management of batteries (2023 ESG Report, p. 15). However, there is no indication of R&D investment to maximize the recyclability of EV batteries. 2023 ESG report, GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 https://www1.hkexnews.hk/listedco/listconews/sehk/2024/0426/2 024042604129.pdf	

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Score Attribution (Scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified)	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		4.3.9. The company has established processes for battery repair, reuse and repurposing in order to maximize the usable lifespan of its EV batteries.	1	25%: the company indicates that there are processes in place (such as inspection, design, access to battery information, collection and transportation, etc.) for repairing, reusing and/or repurposing batteries. 25%: the company provides qualitative information about processes (including the establishment and operation of collection points) to increase the % of batteries being collected for reuse, repurposing and/or recycling 50%: the company provides quantitative information about the collection of batteries (i.e total numbers and / or percentages of batteries collected)	GAC "has developed a battery recycling system to facilitate the recycling and reuse of retired batteries" (2023 ESG Report, p.15). It was disclosed that GAC "is also making efforts to explore the application of batteries unsuitable for automotive use in low-load energy storage scenarios such as home energy storage and backup power supply for base stations". However, there is no indication about systems to increase the % of batteries being collected or quantitative information about the collection of batteries.	0.25
		4.3.10. The company has established closed-loop processes in order to maximize the recycling of end-of-life EV batteries	1	25%: the company indicates that there is a closed-loop process in place for recycling batteries (that involves recovering raw materials). 25%: the company provides detail on the battery recycling process / method(s) used and discloses that they do not use incineration / high-temperature combustion processes. 50%: the company provides quantitative information about the % of batteries currently being recycled (at commercial scale).	GAC indicates that it has "has developed a battery recycling system to facilitate the recycling and reuse of retired batteries" (2023 ESG report, p. 15). However, GAC doesn't disclose the % of batteries being recycled. In November 2023, GAC Group signed a framework agreement with GEM Co., Ltd, a leading company in battery recycling and reuse, to enable full lifecycle management of scrapped NEVs, retired power batteries, and their waste materials (2023 ESG report, p. 15). There	0.25
5. Climate Lobbying		Performance Band (A+ to F) is a full measures of a company's climate policy engagement, accounting for both its own engagement and that of its industry associations.	Multiplier of total category score	A=1.3 B=1.2 C=1.1 N/D = 1 D=0.9 E= 0.8 F=0.7	ic no additional quantitativo or qualitativo. Not disclosed	1

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points		Score Attribution Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
1. Responsible Sourcing and Human Rights Due Diligence: General Indicators	1.1. Commit	1.1.1. The company has a public commitment to human rights.	1		100%: the company has a standalone human rights policy or other formal commitment that it will respect the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the International Bill of Rights, or commit to the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs).	GAC does not have a standalone human rights policy or other formal commitment to respect human rights. In their Environmental, Social and Governance Report (ESG Report), the company states that "The Group adheres to the provisions of the International Labor Organization (ILO) and the United Nations Global Compact regarding human rights" (p. 88). However, this statement is not reflected in any public, standalone policy or commitment regarding human rights (and the list of instruments is limited in any case). GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 https://www1.hkexnews. hk/listedco/listconews/sehk/2024/0426/2024042604129.pdf	0
		1.1.2. The company extends their human rights commitments to their Tier 1 suppliers and beyond.	2		50%: the company has a Supplier Code of Conduct (SCoC) or equivalent that is easily accessible from their website. The SCoC explicitly references the company's human rights policy or states that suppliers are required to respect and/or uphold all human rights. OR 25%: the company has a Supplier Code of Conduct (SCoC) or equivalent that is easily accessible from their website. The SCoC explicitly references human rights but only requires suppliers to respect a limited selection of human rights listed by the company. PLUS 50%: the company "requires" or otherwise mandates their suppliers to apply the requirements of the SCoC to their own suppliers. OR 25%: the company "expects" or "encourages" their suppliers to apply these standards to their own suppliers.	GAC does not have, or has not published, a SCoC. The company mentions a "procurement policy" in their ESG Report (p. 86), but this policy does not appear to be publicly available. The company also mentions many other potentially relevant documents, such as the "Supplier Selection Process for Localized Parts" (p. 44, p. 109), but none of these documents appear to be publicly available either. GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 https://www1.hkexnews. hk/listedco/listconews/sehk/2024/0426/2024042604129.pdf	0

Sub-section	Indicator	Indicators	Total	Points	Score Attribution	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
	Category		Number of	Modifier (if	Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.	,	
			Points	appliable)			
	1.2.	1.2.1. The company	1		25%: the company states that there is a process in place for	GAC does not appear to have a human rights risk assessment process in	0
	Identify	has a process in place			identifying salient human rights risks.	place. The company only discusses business risk management (i.e.	
		to assess salient				material risks to the company) and environmental risk management (ESG	
		human rights risks in			25%: the company explains its methodology for identifying risks	Report, p. 22-23, and 79, respectively).	
		their supply chain.			(e.g. desktop review) and prioritising them.		
					359/4 the company specifies how often they report this risk	GAC also states that it has "integrated environmental and social risks into its entire supply chain management processes" (p. 86). However,	
					25%: the company specifies how often they repeat this risk assessment.	GAC expressly states that the company's four major social	
					assessment.	responsibilities are to their customers, their employees, the	
					25%: the company specifies if and how they engage with	shareholders and partners, and the environment (ESG Report, p. 27). The	
					external human rights experts. Note: this engagement must be	company makes no reference to the rights and interests, or risks to,	
					specific to the company and its supply chains to be scored here.	suppliers' employees, supply chain workers, or other rightsholders	
					Simply participating in a multistakeholder initiative that includes	potentially affected by the company's own, or supply chain activities.	
					human rights experts is not sufficient, unless the company has		
					articulated how it applies the information gained via these	GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023	
					initiatives to their own supply chain.	https://www1.hkexnews.	
					Finally, offective viels identification involves consultation with	hk/listedco/listconews/sehk/2024/0426/2024042604129.pdf	
					Finally, effective risk identification involves consultation with potentially impacted stakeholders. We have included additional		
					indicators under each section below to reflect this.		
					minuscutors under each section serior to remest this		
		1 2 2 The semment	1		The following scores are absolute not cumulative:	Not disclosed	0
		1.2.2. The company discloses the salient	1		25%: the company names the generic, salient risks in their	Not disclosed	١
		human rights risks in			supply chain (e.g. conflict minerals, forced labour, water		
		their supply chain			security, etc.).		
		and where they are			, ,		
		located.			50%: the company discloses where in their supply chain these		
					risks occur, by reference to geographical location, material type,		
					and/or tier. Note: greater level of specificity on all these		
					elements is expected under indicator 2.2.2 on transition		
					minerals risks.		
					100%: the company provides additional description of these		
					risks. Note: to score here, the description must be based on		
					findings from the company's due diligence measures, and not		
					constitute a generic description.		
					,		

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Points Modifier (if appliable)	Score Attribution Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		1.2.3. The company has a process for identifying high risk supplier categories in their supply chain.	1		50%: the company outlines the process for how they identify high risk supplier categories in Tier 1 in order to prioritise differential assurance actions. This may include taking into account the leverage that the automotive company has to affect change (e.g. their annual spend, whether they are a primary or majority buyer, etc.), the geography of suppliers, and the severity of the risks that have been identified. 25%: the company outlines how this process extends beyond tier 1. Note: this does not necessarily have to involve a process that extends to the point of extraction, as this is covered below in the transition minerals section. 25%: the company outlines the types of differential assurance actions it uses to manage those risks. Note: to score here, it must do more than indicate that there are differential assurance actions, it must specify what those are.	Not disclosed. GAC describes a supplier risk assessment process, and a "red and yellow card assessment" and blacklisting procedure, both of which are designed to identify high-risk suppliers. However, the risks these procedures appear to focus on concern "quality deficits" or risks which "cause major losses to the company" (ESG Report, p. 86). They do not appear to consider risks to workers or other rightsholders. GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 https://www1.hkexnews.hk/listedco/listconews/sehk/2024/0426/2024042604129.pdf	
	1.3. Prevent, Mitigate and Account	1.3.1. The company assesses the risk of adverse human rights impacts with suppliers prior to entering into any contracts.	2		25%: the company outlines the process to assess risks at individual suppliers. This may include supplier questionnaires, audits, etc. Note: it is not enough for companies to state that they assess suppliers prior to entering into any contracts, they must outline how this assessment occurs. Secondly, a requirement that suppliers sign a statement confirming their compliance is not sufficient risk assessment. Similarly, companies must outline how they verify information provided in supplier self-assessment questionnaires. 25%: the company provides quantitative information of the number of potential new suppliers assessed, and the tier that they belong to. 25%: the company provides quantitative information on the number of potential new suppliers where non-conformances were found. Note: the action taken to respond to these findings is addressed by indicators below.	Not disclosed. GAC discloses that it has "integrated environmental and social risks into its entire supply chain management processes" (ESG Report, p. 86). However, GAC expressly states that the company's four major social responsibilities are to their customers, their employees, the shareholders and partners, and the environment (see Indicator 1.2.1 above). The company's supplier risk assessment process does not appear to include the rights and interests of, or risks to, suppliers' employees, supply chain workers, or other rightsholders potentially affected by the company's own, or supply chain activities. GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 https://www1.hkexnews.hk/listedco/listconews/sehk/2024/0426/2024042604129.pdf	C

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Points Modifier (if appliable)	Score Attribution Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		1.3.2. The company discloses how it monitors suppliers for compliance with the SCoC during the contract period.	2		20%: the company indicate that there is a process in place to monitor compliance. 20%: the company provides details on the process (e.g. tools, technologies and sources of information they use, auditing practices, how they select suppliers to audit, how often these audits take place, etc). 20%: the company provides quantitative information on the number of suppliers assessed for compliance and the tiers that are assessed. Note: this indicator refers to quantitative assessment tools (e.g. surveys). 20%: the company provides quantitative information of the number of suppliers audited and the tiers that are audited. Note: this indicator refers to on-site audits. 20%: the company provides quantitative information on nonconformances found. Note: the action taken to respond to these findings is addressed by indicators below. Notes: Quantitative information on assessments and audits can be provided as a percentage of suppliers assessed / audited or as a number. If the company provides a number of suppliers assessed / audited, they must also provide the total number of suppliers. For due diligence to be effective, it must involve potentially impacted stakeholders and/or their representatives. This is scored under each of the sections listed below.	GAC discloses that its "whole product lifecycle supply chain management system" includes audits and supervision visits. The company conducts "Quarterly assessments" based on a standardized scoring system contained in the "Supplier Assessment and Evaluation Form". The company further specifies monitoring measures according to tier. For Tier 1 suppliers, the company's employees or third-party organizations carry out monthly performance assessments. For "key" Tier 2 suppliers, the company's employees or third party organizations jointly with tier 1 suppliers carry out random quality and safety inspections. For "key" raw material suppliers, the company employees or third-party organizations "monitor their process management systems to ensure that raw material quality and safety meet standards." (ESG Report, p. 86). The company discloses that in 2023, "100% of the partner suppliers completed sustainable risk audits". This appears to refer to Tier 1 suppliers, although the information is not completely clear (ESG Report, p. 86). However, the company also expressly indicates later in the report that information relating to the number of suppliers reviewed, the suppliers whose contracts were terminated because of non-compliance, and the suppliers found to be non-compliant, is "undisclosed" information (p. 131). For this reason, and the potential contradiction with the information provided in p. 86, points are not given for the last three indicators. GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 https://www1. hkexnews.hk/listedco/listconews/sehk/2024/0426/2024042604129.pdf	0.8

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Points Modifier (if appliable)	Score Attribution Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		1.3.3. The company reports on how it is prepared to respond if it finds non-conformances with the SCoC	1.5		This indicator relates to the contractual relationship between suppliers and the auto-manufacturer. It applies to all tiers to the point of extraction where there is, or there might be, a direct relationship between the auto manufacturer and the supplier. 33%: the company discloses that suppliers will be subject to corrective action plans if non-conformances are identified. 33%: the company discloses specific actions it will take in response to adverse human rights impacts and/or other human rights related contractual breaches by suppliers (for example, stop-work notices, warning letters, supplementary training, policy revision and termination of the contract). 33%: the company discloses the number of corrective action plans or equivalent issued during the reporting year. Note: this is distinct from providing remedy to impacted stakeholders.	The company does not describe the actions it will take in response to findings of non-conformance with the SCoC. Since the company's supplier risk assessment process does not include the rights and interests of, or risks to, suppliers' employees, supply chain workers, or other rightsholders (see Indicator 1.2.4), it is not possible to assess the actions the company will take in response to adverse human rights impacts and/or other human rights related contractual breaches by existing suppliers. The company does not disclose the number of corrective action plans or equivalent issued during the reporting year.	
		1.3.4. The company discloses how they verify the implementation of corrective actions.	1		The following scores are absolute, not cumulative: 100%: the company discloses the types of actions that it undertakes across its whole supply chain to verify whether corrective actions have occurred. 25%: the company only a subset of the types of actions that it undertakes to verify whether correction actions have occured (e.g. audits) and/or only discloses the types of actions that it undertakes for certain supply chains and/or materials to verify whether corrective actions have occurred. Note: successful corrective measures involve impacted stakeholders and/or their representatives. Their involvement is scored under each section below.	Not disclosed. Regarding the last sub-indicator, GAC expressly indicates that information relating to the number of suppliers whose contracts were terminated because of non-compliance is "undisclosed" (p. 131). GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 https://www1.hkexnews.hk/listedco/listconews/sehk/2024/0426/2024042604129.pdf	

Sub-section	Indicator	Indicators	Total	Points	Score Attribution	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
	Category		Number of	Modifier (if	Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.		
			Points	appliable)			
	1.4. Remedy	1.4.1. The company has put in place a formal mechanism whereby workers, suppliers' workers (in any tier) and other external stakeholders can raise grievances regarding adverse human rights impacts in their supply chain to an impartial entity.	2		10%: if the company only has an in-house mechanism 20%: the company has put in place an independent, formal mechanism to report a grievance to an impartial entity regarding human rights in the company's supply chains. 20%: The mechanism is available to its workers, suppliers, suppliers' workers (in any tier) and other external stakeholders (e.g. whistleblower hotline). 50%: the company communicates how the existence of the mechanism is communicated to its suppliers' workers and other impacted stakeholders. Note: simply posting it on the website is not enough. The involvement of impacted stakeholders and their legitimate representatives (e.g. workers, indigenous communities, etc.) in the design, review, operation and ongoing improvement of grievance mechanisms is central to their efficacy. As such	GAC's only apparent grievance mechanism is a whistleblower system focused on integrity concerns, violation of laws and rules, and other disciplinary issues (ESG Report, p. 26). GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 https://www1.hkexnews. hk/listedco/listconews/sehk/2024/0426/2024042604129.pdf	
		1.4.2. The company discloses data about the practical operation of their grievance mechanism, such as the number of grievances filed, addressed, and resolved, their type, severity and outcome.	1		grievance mechanisms is central to their efficacy. As such, additional indicators have been included under each focus area regarding the specific integration of feedback from different stakeholder groups. 25%: The company provides quantitative information about the total number of grievances raised during the reporting year. 50%: The company provides disaggregated information about the total number of supply chain grievances raised, with detail as to their type, severity and tier 25%: the company provides information about the number of supply chain grievances resolved. The indicator below seeks greater detail as to the concrete measures of reparation offered.	Not disclosed	

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Points Modifier (if appliable)	Score Attribution Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		1.4.3. The company has put in place a remedy process.	2	<u> </u>	50%: the company discloses the process for determining remedy. This should indicate in general terms: - 25%: how they investigate an issue that is raised and escalate the issue within the company - 25%: how they determine appropriate remedy 50%: the company discloses information on the the measures of reparation for human rights abuses provided through its remedy process: - 25%: The company discloses information about the number of confirmed human rights grievances in its supply chain that resulted in measures of reparation to those affected, or in a request for suppliers to provide reparation. - 25%: The company provides one or more qualitative case studies to illustrate reparations in action (where there have been no cases resulting in measures of reparation that year, case studies from previous years to illustrate the process will suffice). Note: this information can be anonymised, to protect the identity of those involved.	Not disclosed	0
2. Responsible Sourcing of Transition Minerals	2.1. Commit	2.1.1. The company has a commitment to responsible metals and minerals sourcing.	1		The following scores are not cumulative, they are absolute: 100%: the company has a standalone responsible minerals sourcing policy or their human rights policy includes a section on the responsible sourcing of minerals and metals that applies to all minerals and metals. 75%: the company has a standalone responsible minerals sourcing policy or their human rights policy includes a section on the responsible sourcing of minerals and metals that goes beyond "conflict minerals" to include some other minerals or metals (e.g. includes cobalt). 50%: the company has a standalone responsible minerals sourcing policy or their human rights policy includes a commitment to the responsible sourcing of "conflict minerals" only.	GAC does not have a commitment to responsible minerals sourcing	0

Sub-section	Indicator	Indicators	Total	Points	Score Attribution	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
	Category			,	Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.		
Sub-section	Indicator Category	2.1.2. The company requires its suppliers to undertake due diligence in accordance with the OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High Risk Areas (CAHRAs)	Total Number of Points		Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.	Not disclosed. See 1.1.2 above	GAC Points 0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of	Points Modifier (if	Score Attribution Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
			Points	appliable)			
	2.2. Identify	2.2.1. The company has a process in place to map transition minerals (e.g. nickel, lithium, cobalt, copper, manganese, zinc) in their supply chains to the point of extraction.	2	appliable)	25%: the company discloses that they have a process in place to map transition minerals supply chains back to the point of extraction. 25%: the company provides detail on the processes that they have put in place to map their transition minerals supply chains to the point of extraction. 25%: the company discloses the portion of the transition minerals supply chain that they have mapped to the point of extraction. Note: this could be by specifying which supply chains they have mapped, a percentage of total suppliers mapped, etc. 25%: the company discloses concrete information from their mapping (e.g. primary country of origin). MODIFIER: In order to achieve full credit the mapping must cover at least the three focus minerals that are of significant industry and stakeholder focus given outsized volume and/or impacts: cobalt, nickel & lithium. Companies that map two of fewer minerals will receive half scores.	Not disclosed	0
		2.2.2. The company discloses transition minerals risks in their supply chain and where they are located.	1		50%: the company describes the risks of sourcing from CAHRAs in their supply chains, specifying the minerals and countries of origin (potentially) involved. 50%: the company discloses broader risks from transition minerals in their supply chains and where these are located, by reference to material type, tier, and geographical location.	Not disclosed	0

Sub-section	Indicator	Indicators	Total	Points	Score Attribution	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
	Category		Number of Points	Modifier (if appliable)	Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.		
		2.2.3. The company publishes a list of smelters or refiners (SoR) in its supply chain	1		100%: the company publishes a complete list of smelters/refiners in their supply chain for at least 3TG minerals. 50%: the company publishes a partial list of smelters/refiners in their supply chain. Note: to score here, the company must disclose a significant number of SoRs.	Not disclosed	0
		2.2.4. The company discloses which of the SoRs in its supply chain are conformant with the Responsible Minerals Initiative (RMI).		0.4	100%: the company discloses information on RMI conformance for all of the SoRs identified in their supply chain. 50%: the company only discloses information on RMI conformance for some of the SoRs in its supply chain or only discloses information on RMI conformance on an aggregate / percentage basis	Not disclosed	0
	2.3. Prevent, Mitigate and Account	2.3.1. The company discloses how it monitors suppliers for compliance with the transition minerals due diligence requirements.	2		See general HR indicators	See general HR indicators	0.8
		2.3.2. The company formally engages SoRs to build their capacity to conduct due diligence of their own supply chains.	2		25%: the company discloses that it participates in industry wide schemes that engage with smelters/refiners on their compliance with the OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from CAHRAs. 25%: the company specifies that it engages directly with SoRs to build their capacity to conduct due diligence. 50%: the company provides detail on how it engages with SoRs to build their capacity	Not disclosed	0
		2.3.3. The company formally engages extractives companies and includes human rights clauses in any contractual arrangements.	2		100%: the company discloses that it has entered into direct agreements with extractives companies for the sourcing of transition minerals and that these contracts include human rights clauses.	GAC actively pursues vertically integrated energy supply chains, from mine to power stations. In its ESG Report, the company announces that it "has forged long-term and stable strategic partnerships with the People's Government of Bayingolin Mongolian Autonomous Prefecture and Xinjiang Nonferrous Metals Industry (Group) Co., Ltd.", to cooperate in the exploitation of lithium mineral resources (ESG Report, p. 14). The company does not provide any further detail on these or other direct sourcing agreements. GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 https://www1.hkexnews. hk/listedco/listconews/sehk/2024/0426/2024042604129.pdf	0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of	Points Modifier (if	Score Attribution Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
	Category		II .	1	Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.		
		2.3.4. The company is a member of IRMA and actively engages their suppliers with regards to IRMA mining audits. Note: IRMA does not excuse companies from doing their own supply chain due diligence	Points 2	appliable) 0.8	25%: The company is a member of IRMA. 50%: The company actively engages their suppliers regarding suppliers' certification by IRMA. 25%: the company discloses a commitment to source a percentage of metals from IRMA certified mines by a certain date.	GAC is not a member of IRMA	0
		2.3.5. The company reports on how it is prepared to respond if it finds non-conformances associated with its responsible minerals sourcing policy occurring in its operations or supply chains.	1.5		See general HR indicators	See geneal HR indicators	0
		2.3.6. The company discloses how they verify the implementation of corrective actions.	1		See general HR indicators	See geneal HR indicators	0
	2.4. Remedy	2.4.1. The company has put in place a formal mechanism whereby grievances can be raised about SoR facilities.	1		50%: the company has put in place an independent, formal grievance mechanism that applies specifically to SoRs. This mechanism may be run in conjunction with other auto manufacturers. Note: this is in addition to any generic grievance mechanism that can be accessed by external stakeholders. 50%: the company discloses how they review and investigate grievances raised through this mechanism.	Not disclosed	0
3. Indigenous Peoples' Rights and Free Prior and	3.1. Commit	3.1.1. The company explicitly commits to respecting the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP).	1		100%: the company has an explicit commitment to the UNDRIP in their human rights policy and/or in a standalone Indigenous Peoples' rights policy.	GAC does not have a standalone human rights or Indigenous Peoples' rights policy	0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Points Modifier (if appliable)	Score Attribution Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
Intormed Consent (FPIC)		3.1.2. The company has a public commitment to FPIC.	1		100%: the company has an explicit commitment to FPIC in their human rights policy and/or in a standalone Indigenous Peoples' rights policy. Note: to score full points, the commitment must be unqualified. 25%: the company has an explicit commitment to FPIC in their human rights policy and/or in a standalone Indigenous Peoples' rights policy, but it is qualified (e.g. it allows for only consultation in practice, it is expected only in certain circumstances, it applies only to certain parts of the supply chain, etc.)	GAC does not have a standalone human rights or Indigenous Peoples' rights policy	0
		3.1.3. The company extends their commitment on Indigenous Peoples' rights to their Tier 1 suppliers	2		The SCoC or responsible sourcing policy explicitly references the UNDRIP (50%) and FPIC (50%). MODIFIER: Points will be halved if the policy is qualified.	Not disclosed. See 1.1.2 above	0
		3.1.4. These commitments are translated into the languages used by the impacted Indigenous Peoples.	1		50%: the company requires suppliers to translate these commitments to the languages of the impacted Indigenous Peoples. 50%: the company requires that these translations are actively made available to the impacted Indigenous Peoples.	Not disclosed	0
	3.2. Identify	3.2.1. The company has a process in place to assess risks to Indigenous Peoples' rights in their supply chain to the point of extraction.	1		25%: the company discloses that their process for mapping their supply chains to the point of extraction (row 16) explicitly includes FPIC and other indigenous rights issues. 25%: the company discloses where in the supply chain these risks occur. 25%: the company discloses how they use this mapping to identify high risk suppliers. 25%: the company provides case studies of this process in practice	Not disclosed	0
	3.3. Prevent, Mitigate and Account	3.3.1. The company provides additional discussion regarding the practices by which suppliers must obtain FPIC	1		100%: the company discloses a process. This process must explicitly specify that any FPIC process must reach and engage impacted Indigenous Peoples. 25%: the company states a process and/or expectation but it is limited in its application.	Not disclosed	0
		3.3.2. The company is a member of a multistakeholder group (e. g. IRMA) that includes the participation of Indigenous Peoples to ensure respect of Indigenous Peoples' rights at the point of extraction.	2		Refer to Responsible Sourcing of Transition Minerals indicators.	Refer to Responsible Sourcing of Transition Minerals indicators.	0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Points Modifier (if appliable)	Score Attribution Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
		3.3.3. The company has a formal process in place to engage critical upstream suppliers on FPIC (e. g. extractives companies)	2		This score relates to direct engagement by the company with extractives companies. It is in addition to their membership of IRMA. 25%: the company formally engages significant suppliers regarding FPIC. 25%: the company states that they formally review company documents (e.g. meeting minutes) to ensure that Indigenous Peoples' FPIC has been provided. 50%: the company engages directly with representatives of Indigenous Peoples affected by mining operations to review that regular engagement and consultation take place, community needs are responded to, and there continues to be FPIC.	Not disclosed	0
		3.3.4. The company reports on how it is prepared to respond if it finds FPIC breaches in its supply chain.	1		The indicators in HR general provide a baseline for this. In addition: 100%: the company must specify that cutting off sourcing from a particular upstream supplier should only occur if this is sought by the affected indigenous community - it should not be solely determined by the auto manufacturer.	Not disclosed	0
	3.4. Remedy	3.4.1. The company's grievance mechanism has a process for investigating and remedying breaches of FPIC that includes a formal role for impacted Indigenous Peoples.	1		Grievances and remedy are part of FPIC considered as a process not a point in time. 50%: the company specifies that the process must reach and engage impacted Indigenous Peoples, not just that there is a process for complaints to be raised with remedy determined externally by the automanufacturer. 50%: the company provides case studies of FPIC-compliant remedy instances in their supply chain	Not disclosed	0

Sub-section	Indicator	Indicators	Total	Points	Score Attribution	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
	Category		Number of Points	Modifier (if appliable)	Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.	,	
4. Respect for Workers' Rights	ct 4.1. 4.1.1. The company 1		25%: The company's human rights policy (or similar) includes a specific commitment to the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and/or the ILO Fundamental Conventions. OR 50%: The company identifies and commits to respecting each of the five Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work as established in the ILO Declaration (companies who do not make explicit and unqualified commitments to all five ILO principles will not be scored): 1. freedom of association and the effective recognition of the right to collective bargaining; 2. the elimination of all forms of forced or compulsory labour; 3. the effective abolition of child labour; 4. the elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation; and 5. a safe and healthy working environment. PLUS 25%: the company has a commitment to a living wage in their human rights policy or in another formal policy document.	GAC does not have a standalone human rights policy or similar. In their ESG Report, the company states that "The Group adheres to the provisions of the International Labor Organization (ILO) and the United Nations Global Compact regarding human rights" (p. 88). However, this statement is not reflected in any public, standalone policy or commitment regarding workers' rights (and the reference to ILO provisions is too vague in any case) GAC Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 https://www1.hkexnews. hk/listedco/listconews/sehk/2024/0426/2024042604129.pdf	0		
		4.1.2. The company extends their workers' rights commitments to their Tier 1 suppliers and beyond. Note: only the specific worker rights commitments are evaluated here. Whether or not these commitments are extended beyond tier 1 suppliers is evaluated in the "General" human rights section.			25%: The SCoC includes a specific commitment to the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at work and/or the ILO Fundamental Principles and Rights at work and/or the ILO Fundamental Conventions. OR 50%: The SCoC includes specific requirements on each of the five Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work as established in the ILO Declaration (companies whose SCoCs do not include explicit and unqualified requirements on all five ILO principles will not be scored): 1. freedom of association and the effective recognition of the right to collective bargaining; 2. the elimination of all forms of forced or compulsory labour; 3. the effective abolition of child labour; 4. the elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation; and 5. a safe and healthy working environment. PLUS 25%: the SCoC requires suppliers to pay a living wage.	Not disclosed. See 1.1.2 above	0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Total Number of Points	Points Modifier (if appliable)	Score Attribution Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.	GAC Analysis	GAC Points
	4.2. Identify	4.2.1. The company consults trade unions and/or workers' representatives in their assessment of salient workers' rights risks in their supply chain.	1		Generic supply chain indicators provide a baseline score for this. To get additional points here, companies must specify that they consult with labour unions and/or workers' representatives regarding salient workers' rights in the supply chain. This must expressly include labour unions and/or workers' representatives in the supply chain and/or global union federations (GUFs) Note: workers' representatives are not a substitute for trade unions where trade unions are allowed to operate and not limited in their activities.	Not disclosed	0
		4.2.2. The company discloses the salient workers rights risks in their supply chain and where they are located.	1		100%: the company's saliency assessment explicitly identifies workers' rights risks for at least one material / supply chain and the location/s.	Not disclosed	0
	4.3. Prevent, Mitigate and Account	4.3.1. The company actively collaborates with workers and the representative organisation(s) of workers' own choosing to promote respect for workers' rights in its supply chain.	2		25%: the company has a collective agreement with the relevant trade union in the headquartered country. 25%: the company has a global framework agreement with IndustriALL for neutrality across all its operations. 25%: the company describes the formal mechanisms it has put in place to consult trade unions and/or workers' representatives on the company's workers' rights principles and/or policies. 25%: IndustriAll was actively involved in the formulation of the company's workers' rights principles and/or policies.	GAC does not disclose any collective agreement, and does not have a GFA with IndustriALL	0
		4.3.2. The company reports on how it is prepared to respond if it finds non-conformances associated with its workers' rights policy occurring in its operations or supply chains.	1.5		Refer to general HR indicators.	Refer to general HR indicators	0

Sub-section	Indicator Category	Indicators	Number of	Points Modifier (if appliable)	Score Attribution Note: scores are cumulative unless otherwise specified.	GAC Analysis	GAC Points	
		4.3.3. The company works with the relevant trade union and/or worker representative organisation to verify the implementation of corrective actions pertaining to workers' rights.	2		100%: the company specifies that it works with the relevant trade union and/or workers representatives to verify implementation of correction actions.	Not disclosed	0	
	Remedy	4.4.1 Workers and the representative organisations of workers' own choosing are formally included in the remedy process.	1		100%: the company specifies that trade unions are formally engaged in any remedy process.	Not disclosed	0	

Indicator category	% weighting	Normalized weighting
Climate & Environment		
Disclose	100%	1.0
Target setting & progress	150%	1.5
Supply chain levers	200%	2.0
		4.5
Human rights		
Commit	100%	1.0
Identify	150%	1.5
Prevent, Mitigate and Account	200%	2.0
Remedy	200%	2.0
		6.5

Note: Total scores across both categories were taken as an average of the two percentages scored for each one

Assessment has not been updated for the 2025 edition and will be updated

	Assessment has not been updated for the 2025 edition and will be updated later in 2025.													. ,		. ,	
Initiative	Multi-stakeholder governance and dvil society co-creation	Points (out of 2)	Credible audits and accreditation: Audit independence and rights-holder participation	Points (out of 1)	Transparency of audit findings	Points (out of 1)	Corrective Action Plans	Points (out of 1)	Effective grievance mechanism	Points (out of 1)	Issai code compliant member	Points (out of 1)	Credible standard criteria	Points (out of 1)	flotal score	Overall Assessment	Point modifier applied
ResponsibleStreet	The transport form of the first	1	The Responsibilities of confliction conclude requirement to digram, such all persons, schooling on acts, legislations and business reasonable responsibilities, such as the su	1	leagun discher jediche summer yegens of the walds on it website. These padic summer yegens and the walds so it website. These padic summer yegens pagic of the sewant on the sulf pursue, and the pagic of the sewant yegens pagic of the sewant yegens of the yegens yegens of the year of the year yegens of the year yegens of the year years yegens of the years yegens yet years yegens yet	0.5	Inspectional control of the control	ΔS	the grant desirable in a trained from the control of the control o	0.5	Respondistribed is an insal community member but not itsaid as code complete. [Expt.//www.insalalkines.org/soal-community-members]	0.5	Crisica III de la conde equant se de la spanita aver la las africa se de la combinata per la colonida de la colonida punto de la colonida del colonida de la colonida de la colonida del colo	i	s	Scheme has made notable progress in meeting most of the minimum criteria but has some significant shortcomings	0.6
The initiative for Sergeovalite Mining Assurance (SRMA)	The against a family of brings and the appropriate for borness of the second brings and the appropriate of t	2	Man mad undergo informities, that and under Paper. Journal undergo informities, that and under Paper. The Alles And process the agency could be a secure of the agency o	1	allest requires the full modes of souths, information on the solid processor. (Committees may emblacening set) ² dependently someting mixed	s	The confinition scheme and left for combine scher jairs (AA), which is executed produced of gifts belief in the development originates and destinating of the produced of the combine of t	1	The date of section of the control o	as	SEASAL as based member had not had exceed complexe. (https://www.instabliance.org/leas-community-instabliance.org/leas-community-instabliance.)	0.5	The Mills durables contrages on the New and dismed Cannel (PC) layer 87 to Mills Booked. The Mills durables support with the Disch Cannels (Mills Durables). The Political Cannels (Mills Durables) and Political Cannels (Mills Durables). The Mills Durables (Mills Durables) and political Cannels (Mills Durables). The Mills Durables (Mills Durables) and political Cannels (Mills Durables). The Mills Durables (Mills Durables) and political Cannels (Mills Durables). The Mills Durables (Mills Durables) and political Cannels (Mills Durables) and Mills (Mills Durables) and Mills (Mills Durables). The Mills Durables (Mills Durables) and Mills (Mills Durables) and Mills (Mills Durables). The Mills (Mills Durables) and Mills (Mills Durables) and Mills (Mills Durables). The Mills (Mills Durables) and Mills (Mills Durables) and Mills (Mills Durables). The Mills (Mills Durables) and Mills (M	1	7	Robust scheme overall that still has some shortcomings but meets nearly all of the minimum criteria for governance, auditing and / or accreditation against its standard	o.a
Alluminium Stewardshipsinistative (ASS)	The rate of separation of all philips has been been as the property and of the de- pendence of any preserved or adjustment of property and the property and the property and the results and the property and the	1	The All and definition in a little order that the control of the c	1	The dispulsed second of the policy page is the white. These connections as a great read of dispulsed in the second of the policy page is the policy of the second of the policy page is the second of dispulsed in the policy page is the second of the policy page is the page is the policy page is the policy page is the policy page is the policy page is the page i	6.5	All regains receives to design CAP for all our conformation, section for any as a dis- sement frage and conformation, previous receivables are seen. All is because the best this conformation is the design of the design of the conformation of the conformation of the conformation of the design of the conformation of the conformation of the design of the conformation of the conformat	0	The AD To confident and course to recover companies of patients on serial or on the country of t	0.5	The Aluminium Stewardship initiative is have code compliant (https://www.initiative.org/pure/files/code/compliants/stg/pure/files/code/compliants/stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/compliants-stg/pure/files/code/code/code/code/code/code/code/code	ı	has 30 soundation opposed by contributional of a displacement in a displacement of a	0.75	425	Scheme has made progress in some areast but fails to meet multiple oriteria for effective governance, auditing and / or accreditation against its standard	Q.4
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Towards Sustainable Asining (TSM)	can 'This person must establish an independent, multi-internet allowy being, mode and 13 to 15 to 15 statistical being being agreed, more allowed being being agreed to the person of th	ūš	TOM requires their party parts of proctors, including data hard well-stationary parts and proctors, including data hard well-stationary parts and processing the processing of the processing the processing of the processing of the processing the processing of the p	1	has a home and programs partial facilities as a surrounce of half facilities as a surrounce of half facilities as a surrounce of half facilities and a surrounce of parties of the contract that when facilities are partial surrounces (again to a grain and a surrounces that the contract that the surrounces of the contract that the contra	0.5	traditions. Currently arroug association in Costals and Februal distins their TM control and trade of the costals and trade of the costal and trade of	٥	Total has an inmoving facilizated "town foundation finding and Traces," which some as the water foundation for the property of the contract of the contract foundation for the contract foundation of the contract	as	TEM is not an IEEA community awarder of a code compliant securities	ø	The Tells (and a climate design provided of a square companies to the consideration of the consideration of the confideration of the co	0.5	3	Scheme has made progress in some areas but fails to meet multiple criteria for effective governance, auditing and f or accreditation against its standard	0.4 [pose: no indicator in the Leaderbased specifically meetions this scheme]
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International Council of Mining & Metal (CAM) Expectations validation	Standard - Affective right regime, from representation, or and earlier, applications are set of administration are set of administration and applications are set of administration and applications are assumed at the administration and applications are assumed at the administration of a standard distribution regiment in the description of the conducted.	٠	Fortil, The Child where a solvine is objected, the jump sold of an interface, which got the control of the cont	άS	The COMM dans are public, or regard that it contains public, the award of the award date present	٠	washings. The CAM decided date of ord of showers proceed a child of the processing of the children of the chil	٥	Additionable guidance on destinating and implementing a general restriction to the control of th	0	ICMM is not an IGEAL community exember or a code compliant member	۰	Professional Lagrantina E. Lagrantina St. antique of ages 1 and Targett in being all makes in the control of th	6.55	135	Flawed scheme that fails to meet mist of the misimum others for government, and the mistage of the sector of the mistage of the extraction of the mistage of the extraction of the mistage of the mistage of the extraction of the mistage of the mistage of the mistage of the extraction of the mistage of the mistage of the mistage of the extraction of the mistage of the mistage of the mistage of the mistage of the extraction of the mistage of	No storing at thurison possible